

**1. Estimate your start-up costs using Worksheet 1 below:**

Worksheet 1: Start-up Costs		
One Time Requirements Before Start-Up	Items Already Purchased:	Items Still Needed Before Start-Up:
Legal, Accounting & Professional Services	\$	\$
Advertising & Promotions	\$	\$
Deposits for Utilities	\$	\$
Licenses & Permits	\$	\$
Prepaid Insurance	\$	\$
Salary & Wages	\$	\$
Payroll Taxes	\$	\$
Truck & Vehicle	\$	\$
Travel	\$	\$
Tools & Supplies	\$	\$
Furniture & Fixtures	\$	\$
Machines & Equipment	\$	\$
Building Improvements	\$	\$
Land & Buildings	\$	\$
Starting Inventory	\$	\$
Cash (Working Capital)	\$	\$
Other (specify)	\$	\$
<b>TOTAL:</b>	<b>\$</b>	<b>\$</b>

*Before your business can earn money, you will need to invest money in start-up costs. These costs are paid just one time and do not include your normal monthly expenses.*

*This worksheet will help you estimate your start-up costs. List the costs of items you have already purchased in the “purchased” column and those you still need in the “needed” column.*

TOTAL ESTIMATED START-UP COSTS (add both columns together) \$ \_\_\_\_\_

Estimating your start-up costs is critical to getting started. These are one-time costs incurred prior to beginning your business operations. These costs will help you determine how much money is needed to launch and maintain your business until you generate enough sales to cover normal operating expenses.

Legal, Accounting & Professional Services – professional fees associated with registering your legal form of business, reviewing contracts and agreements and preparing financial information for your business plan. Also includes consultants and other professionals.

Advertising & Promotions – includes all promotional costs associated with “opening” your business.

Deposits for Utilities – advance payments required to obtain electric, gas, telephone, water and sewer.

Licenses & Permits - fees for licenses, permits and other requirements related to starting your business and making its operations legal.

Prepaid Insurance – advance payments required to obtain business insurance that protects the contents of your business against fire, theft and other losses.

Salary & Wages – payroll to owner and employees for training and business setup “prior to opening” the business.

Payroll Taxes – usually 10-15% of gross payroll costs.

Truck & Vehicle – includes mileage, parking, tolls, etc. “prior to opening” the business.

Travel – include conference, hotel, meal and transportation charges for securing prospective distributors, suppliers, and customers.

Tools & Supplies – services, supplies and tools purchased for use in the business. ("Prior to opening")

Furniture & Fixtures – acquisition cost plus installation expense. If you plan to pay by installments, enter your down payment.

Machines & Equipment - acquisition cost plus installation expense. If you plan to pay by installments, enter your down payment.

Building Improvements – include costs of structural changes, repairs, HVAC upgrades, painting and decorating.

Land & Buildings – include the down payment for lease, rent or purchase and deposits required.

Starting Inventory – include acquisition cost plus transportation.

Cash (Working Capital) – amount of money you will need to maintain your business until you generate enough sales to cover normal operating expenses.

Other (specify) – include those start-up costs that may be unique to your business and do not have an account listed on the worksheet.

**2. What do you expect your annual Revenue (Sales) to be in the first year? \$\_\_\_\_\_**

To help determine this estimate, please answer the questions below:

- a. How many different customers do you anticipate serving in a 12-month period? \_\_\_\_\_
- b. How many times in a 12-month period will the average customer return to purchase something? \_\_\_\_\_
- c. How much will the average customer spend on each visit to your business? \$\_\_\_\_\_
- d. Multiply (a) x (b) x (c) = Estimated annual Revenue (Sales)

Estimating your annual Revenue (Sales) will help you set a sales goal for your business and provide you with tools to manage your day-to-day operations. The Revenue (Sales) estimate is based on three factors: 1) the number of different customers you anticipate serving; 2) the number of times the average customer will return to purchase something; and 3) the average expenditure each customer will make per visit. By monitoring each of these factors on a daily, weekly and monthly basis, you will know if your business is on target to meet its sales goal or if adjustments must be made to increase sales or decrease expenses.

**3. Estimate your annual sales and earnings using Worksheet 2 below:**

*Forecasting “Sales and Earnings” is important for your financial success. It may take several years before your business begins to generate “satisfactory” profits but your sales goal should be to breakeven (match sales with expenses) by the end of the first year and show modest profits for Years 2 and 3. Do not include start-up costs on this worksheet.*

**Worksheet 2: Sales and Earnings**

	<b>*1<sup>st</sup> Year</b>	<b>2<sup>nd</sup> Year</b>	<b>3<sup>rd</sup> Year</b>
<b>Total Revenue (Sales):</b>	\$	\$	\$
Less: Cost of Goods Sold	\$	\$	\$
<b>Gross Profit:</b>	\$	\$	\$
<b>Less Expenses:</b>			
Salaries & Wages	\$	\$	\$
Outside Services	\$	\$	\$
Office Supplies & Postage	\$	\$	\$
Dues & Subscriptions	\$	\$	\$
Donations	\$	\$	\$
Rent	\$	\$	\$
Telephone	\$	\$	\$
Utilities	\$	\$	\$
Loan Payments	\$	\$	\$
Interest	\$	\$	\$
Depreciation	\$	\$	\$
Advertising & Promotions	\$	\$	\$
Truck & Vehicle	\$	\$	\$
Travel	\$	\$	\$
Payroll Taxes	\$	\$	\$
Taxes, Licenses & Permits	\$	\$	\$
Legal & Accounting Services	\$	\$	\$
Insurance	\$	\$	\$
Repairs & Maintenance	\$	\$	\$
Bad Debts	\$	\$	\$
Miscellaneous (unspecified)	\$	\$	\$
Other Expenses (specify each)	\$	\$	\$
	\$	\$	\$
	\$	\$	\$
<b>Total Expenses:</b>	\$	\$	\$
<b>NET PROFIT</b>	\$	\$	\$

\*NOTE: 1st Year data required to answer questions 13 and 14.